



DIGITAL SERVO DRIVE FOR BRUSHLESS/BRUSH MOTORS

CANOPER

Control Modes

- Indexer, Point-to-Point, PVT
- Camming, Gearing, Position, Velocity, Torque

Command Interface

- CANopen/DeviceNet
- ASCII and discrete I/O
- Stepper commands
- ±10V position/velocity/torque command
- PWM velocity/torque command
- Master encoder (Gearing/Camming)

Communications

- CANopen/DeviceNet
- RS232

Feedback

- Digital Quad A/B encoder
- Secondary encoder
- Digital Halls
- Resolver (-R option)

I/O - Digital

• 10 inputs, 3 outputs

Dimensions: mm [in]

63.5 x 40.6 x 21.1 [2.50 x 1.60 x 0.83]

ACK-055-06 ACK-055-10 ACK-090-04 ACK-090-08

Model	Ic	Iр	Vdc
ACK-055-06	3	6	14~55
ACK-055-10	5	10	20~55
ACK-090-04	2	4	14~90
ACK-090-08	4	8	20~90

ACK-090-20 & ACK-090-30 data can be found in the ACK High Current datasheet 16-119445

DESCRIPTION

Accelnet Micro Module is a digital servodrive that combines CANopen networking with 100% digital control of brush or brushless motors in a PC board mounting package with power options to 15 Adc continuous and 30 Adc peak from 14 to 90 Vdc power supplies.

Accelnet Micro Module operates as a Motion Control Device using the CiA 402 protocol under the CANopen DS-301 V4.01 (EN 50325-4) application layer. CiA 402 modes supported include Interpolated Position (PVT), Profile Position, Profile Velocity, Profile Torque, and Homing.

There are ten logic inputs. One is dedicated to the Amp Enable function, the other nine are programmable. There are three logic outputs rated to +30 Vdc.

Used as a stand-alone drive, Accelnet Micro Module can operate using incremental position commands from step-motor controllers in Pulse/Direction or CU/CD format, as well as A/B quadrature commands from a master-encoder. Torque or velocity control can be from digital PWM signals, or analog ± 10 V.

Drive commissioning is facilitated by CME^{TM} software operating under Windows® communicating with Accelnet Micro Module via CAN or an RS-232 link.

Auto-tuning algorithms in CME^{TM} slash set up times for fast system commissioning by automating motor phasing, and current-loop tuning.

A powerful oscilloscope and waveform generator displays drive performance for fine tuning. Drive configurations are saved in nonvolatile flash memory.

Space-vector modulation delivers higher motor speeds and lower motor power dissipation than conventional sine-PWM modulation. Current-loop sampling is at 15 kHz, position and velocity loops at 3 kHz and PWM ripple at 30 kHz.

All drive circuits are DC coupled and operate from unregulated transformer-isolated linear DC power supplies, or regulated switching power supplies.

The PC-board mounting package is suitable for high-density, multiaxis installations in equipment where space is at a premium, and wiring must be minimized. Accelnet Micro Module



GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL		ACK-055-06	ACK-055-10	ACK-090-04	ACK-090-08	
OUTPUT POWER			1011 000 10			
Peak Current		6 (4.2)	10 (7.1)	4 (2.8)	8 (5.7)	Adc (Arms, sinusoidal)
Peak time		1	1	1	1	Sec
Continuous current		3 (2.1)	5 (3.5)	2 (1.4)	4 (2.8)	Adc (Arms, sinusoidal)
Peak Output Power		0.33	0.50	0.36	0.72	kW
Continuous Output Power		0.15	0.18	0.18	0.36	kW
INPUT POWER						
HVmin to HVmax		+14 to +55	+20 to +55	+14 to +90	+20 to +90	Vdc,transformer-isolated
Ipeak		6.6	11	4.4	8.8	Adc (1 sec) peak
Icont		3.3	5.5	2.3	4.4	Adc continuous
Aux HV	+14 to HVmax	2.5 W	Option	al keep-alive p	ower input when +HV is	removed
PWM OUTPUTS						
Type PWM ripple frequency	MOSFET 3-ph	ase inverter,		weighted PWM 30 kHz	carrier, space-vector mo	odulation
BANDWIDTH						
Current loop, small signal		2.	5 kHz typical, b	andwidth will v	ary with tuning & load in	nductance
HV Compensation			nanges in HV do			
Current loop update rate		15	5 kHz (66.7 µs)			
Position & Velocity loop up	odate rate	3	kHz (333 µs)			
REFERENCE INPUTS						
CANopen bus		Ho	oming, Profile Po	osition, Profile	Velocity, Profile Torque	
		ar	d Interpolated			
Digital position reference			s/Dir, CW/CCW			(2 MHz maximum rate)
		Qu	uad A/B Encode	r	2 Mline/sec, (8 Mcou	int/sec after quadrature)
Analog torque, velocity &		±:	10 Vdc, 5 kΩ dif	ferential input	impedance	
Digital torque & velocity re	eference (Note 1)		VM , Polarity		PWM = 0~100%, Po	
			VM			6, no polarity signal required
		D1	VINA free museum en a une	ngo	1 kHz minimum, 100) kHz maximum
			VM frequency ra	5	1 KHZ HIIIIIIIIIII, 100	
			VM frequency ra VM minimum pu	5	220 ns	
DIGITAL INPUTS (NOTE 1))			5	,	
DIGITAL INPUTS (NOTE 1) Number) 10			5	,	
Number	10	P۷	VM minimum pu	ulse width	220 ns	
	10 74HC14 S	PV Schmitt trigge	VM minimum pu	on input, 10 kg	220 ns	
Number All inputs	10 74HC14 S RC time-c	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive	on input, 10 kg on input, 10 kg	220 ns Ω pull-up to +5 Vdc I do not include 10 kΩ p	ull-ups.
Number All inputs Logic levels	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0	Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V_{τ} + =	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V	on input, 10 kg on input, 10 kg on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 1 do not include 10 k Ω p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc
Number All inputs	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = ed input for d	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active driv. 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act	on input, 10 ks on input, 10 ks on inputs and $/_{\tau^-} = 1.00 \sim 2.2$ ive level progra	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc d o not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5]	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General	Echmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V_T + = ed input for d Purpose input	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active driv. 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act	on input, 10 kG e on inputs and $/_{7}$ = 1.00~2.2 live level progra 22 µs for [IN5	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc I do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10]	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General	Echmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V_T + = ed input for d Purpose input	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active driv. 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V lrive enable, act uts with 33 µs (on input, 10 kG e on inputs and $/_{7}$ = 1.00~2.2 live level progra 22 µs for [IN5	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc I do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp	Echmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V_T + = ed input for d Purpose input	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active driv. 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V lrive enable, act uts with 33 µs (on input, 10 kG e on inputs and $/_{7}$ = 1.00~2.2 live level progra 22 µs for [IN5	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc I do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r
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Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-s	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = : ed input for d Purpose input beed inputs w inking MOSFE	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active driv. 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V rive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fi ET open-drain o	on input, 10 kG e on inputs and $/_{T}^{-} = 1.00 \sim 2.2$ ive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 ilter, programm	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc I do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions
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Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-s 300 mAdd Programn	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V ₇ + = : ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with CN	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fi ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2</i> ™	on input, 10 kΩ e on inputs and / ₇ - = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kΩ	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc d o not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions	ull-ups. 1aximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions
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Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-s 300 mAdd Programn Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or I ASCII or I	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with CA nable to eithe , current-sink c, current-sink ginary formal erface from s	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, \ Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fi ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2</i> [™] er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication t ingle RS-232 pc	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and / ₁ - = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) out is active	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc d o not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, $V_{\rm H} = 0.53 \sim 1.53$, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdd Programn Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII ort Drive with	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with <i>CA</i> nable to eithe , current-sink , Gnd pinary format erface from s n serial conne	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fi ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>1E 2™</i> er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication ingle RS-232 po cotion acts as m	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active a port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop	10 74HC14 S RC time-c Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-s 300 mAdd Programn Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII ort ASCII into Drive with using CAN	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with <i>CA</i> nable to eithe , current-sink , Gnd pinary format erface from s n serial conne	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, \ Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fi ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2</i> [™] er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication t ingle RS-232 pc	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active a port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
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Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdd Programm or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII inte Drive with using CAN	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V ₇ + = 1 ed input for d Purpose input seed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with <i>C</i> A nable to eithe , current-sink , Gnd erface from s n serial conne v connections	VM minimum put er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 μ s (ith 100 ns RC filter Topen-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE</i> 2 TM er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication tingle RS-232 po- cection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec mark	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum.	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdd Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I Drive with using CAN	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V ₇ + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu- seed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with CA hable to eithe , current-sink current-sink current-sink scrial conne serial conne v connections	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act its with 33 μ s (ith 100 ns RC filter ith 100 ns RC filter and the second second 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2</i> TM er HI (off, pull-u communication to ingle RS-232 pc ection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec ma ayer DS-301 V4	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and / ₇ = 1.00~2.2 ive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIO Signals Protocol Device	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdd Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I Drive with using CAN	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V ₇ + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu- seed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with CA hable to eithe , current-sink current-sink current-sink scrial conne serial conne v connections	VM minimum put er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 μ s (ith 100 ns RC filter Topen-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE</i> 2 TM er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication tingle RS-232 po- cection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec mark	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and / ₇ = 1.00~2.2 ive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. laximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIO Signals Protocol Device FEEDBACK	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdo Programn Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII inte Drive with using CAN DN PORT CANH, CA CANopen CiA 402 D	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V ₇ + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu- beed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with CA hable to eithe c, current-sink current-sink current-sink serial connections NL, CAN_GN Application L pevice Profile	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 μ s (ith 100 ns RC filter Topen-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2</i> TM er HI (off, pull-u communication t ingle RS-232 pc action acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec may ayer DS-301 V4 for Drives and I	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01 Motion Control	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc d o not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac actional data flow to oth rive	ull-ups. Maximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet) er drives
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIC Signals Protocol Device	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-S 300 mAdd Programm Programm or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or ASCII inte Drive with using CAN DN PORT CANH, CA CANopen CiA 402 D	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = : ed input for d Purpose inputs weed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with CA hable to eithe , current-sink , Gnd xx, DTE serial Binary formal erface from s h serial connections NLL, CAN_GN Application L Device Profile re signals, (A	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V lrive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fil et open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2™</i> er HI (off, pull-u communication t ingle RS-232 pc ection acts as m i n daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec m ayer DS-301 V4 for Drives and I	on input, 10 ks on input, 10 ks e on inputs and $/_{-} = 1.00 \sim 2.2$ tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 ilter, programm utput with 1 ks p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 1.01 Motion Control	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth	ull-ups. Maximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet) er drives
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIO Signals Protocol Device FEEDBACK	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-S 300 mAdd Programm Programm or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I CANH, CA CANopen CiA 402 D Quadratu 5 MHz ma	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = : ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with CA nable to eithe , current-sink current-sink current-sink scale from s n serial connections NL, CAN_GN Application L pevice Profile re signals, (A aximum line f	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, \ Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC filt ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2™</i> er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication t ingle RS-232 pc ection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec m ayer DS-301 V4 for Drives and I , /A, B, /B, X, /7 requency (20 M	on input, 10 kg on input, 10 kg e on inputs and / ₇ = 1.00~2.2 ive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 ilter, programm utput with 1 kg p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive or to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01 Motion Control	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth rive (X, /X Index signals not	ull-ups. Maximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet) er drives required)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIC Signals Protocol Device FEEDBACK Digital Incremental Encoder	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 3 Current-S 300 mAdd Programn Programn or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or ASCII or ASCII or ASCII into Drive with using CAN DN PORT CANH, CA CANopen CiA 402 D Quadratu 5 MHz ma 26LS32 d	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + nable with CA nable to eithe , current-sink c, current-sink sc, DTE serial Binary format erface from s n serial connections NL, CAN_GN Application L Device Profile re signals, (A aximum line f ifferential line	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drive 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fil ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2™</i> er HI (off, pull-u- king) when outp communication t ingle RS-232 pc ection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec may ayer DS-301 V4 for Drives and I , /A, B, /B, X, /7 requency (20 M e receiver with 5	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{-} = 1.00 \sim 2.2$ tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kG p to +5 Vdc) ut is active n port for drive or to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01 Motion Control X), differential counts/sec) 121 Ω terminat	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 1 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth rive (X, /X Index signals not ing resistor between cor	ull-ups. Maximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet) er drives required)
Number All inputs Logic levels Enable [IN1] GP [IN2,3,4,5] HS [IN6,7,8,9,10] DIGITAL OUTPUTS Number Type Functions Active Level RS-232 COMMUNICATION Signals Mode Protocol Multi-drop CANOPEN COMMUNICATIO Signals Protocol Device FEEDBACK	10 74HC14 S RC time-C Vcc = 5.0 1 dedicate 4 General 5 High-Sp 300 mAdd Programm Programm or LO (on PORT RxD, TxD Full-duple ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII or I ASCII inte Drive with using CAN DN PORT CANH, CA CANopen CiA 402 D Quadratu 5 MHz ma 26LS32 d +5 Vdc @	PV Schmitt trigge constants ass Vdc, V _T + = 1 ed input for d Purpose inpu peed inputs w inking MOSFE c sink max, + hable with CA hable to eithe , current-sink current-sink current-sink schart form s n serial connet NL, CAN_GN Application L Device Profile re signals, (A aximum line f ifferential line 0 250 mAdc n	VM minimum pu er with RC filter ume active drivi 1.83~3.5 Vdc, V Irive enable, act uts with 33 µs (ith 100 ns RC fil ET open-drain o 30 Vdc max <i>IE 2™</i> er HI (off, pull-u king) when outp communication t ingle RS-232 pc ection acts as m in daisy-chain D; 1Mbit/sec m ayer DS-301 V4 for Drives and I , /A, B, /B, X, // requency (20 M e receiver with 3 nax (L-C filter re	on input, 10 kg e on inputs and $/_{\tau}$ = 1.00~2.2 tive level progra 22 µs for [IN5 liter, programm utput with 1 kG p to +5 Vdc) out is active of port for drive ort to control m aster for bi-dire from drive to d aximum. 4.01 Motion Control X), differential counts/sec) 121 Ω terminat equired betwee	220 ns 2 pull-up to +5 Vdc 4 do not include 10 kΩ p Vdc, V _H = 0.53~1.53, N ammable, 33 µs RC filte]) RC filter, programma able functions 2 pullup to +5 Vdc throu setup and control, 9,600 ultiple drives (Xenus, Ac ectional data flow to oth rive (X, /X Index signals not	ull-ups. Maximum input voltage = +10 Vdc r ble functions gh diode 0 to 115,200 baud ccelnet, Stepnet) er drives required)





		visatly connects to drive internal sizewite			
+5 Vdc	L-C filter required to	250 mA maximum. Directly connects to drive internal circuits. L-C filter required to isolate drive and external circuits			
10TOR CONNECTIONS					
Motor U,V,W	Drive outputs to 3-phase brushless motor, Wye or delta connected				
	For DC brush motor use	outputs U & V			
Encoder (primary)	Quadrature, differential (A, /A, B, /B, X, /X), 5 Mlines/sec (20 Mcount/sec after quadrature)				
Encoder (secondary)	Quadrature, active singl				
		equency (8 Mcounts/sec after quadrature)			
Halls		Hall signals (U,V,W)			
Motemp	Motor temperature sens	or or switch			
ROTECTIONS					
HV Overvoltage	+HV > +56 Vdc	Drive outputs turn off until +HV is < overvoltage (-06, -10 models)			
	+HV > +91 Vdc	Drive outputs turn off until +HV is < overvoltage (-04, -08 models)			
HV Undervoltage	+HV < +14 Vdc	Drive outputs turn off until $+HV >= +14 Vdc$ (for -04, -06 models)			
	+HV < +20 Vdc	Drive outputs turn off until $+HV >= +20$ Vdc (for -08, -10 models)			
Drive over temperature	PC Board > 90 °C.	Programmable as latching or temporary fault			
Short circuits		Output to output, output to ground, internal PWM bridge faults			
I ² T Current limiting		Programmable: continuous current, peak current, peak time Programmable response to errors			
Latching / Non-Latching	T.A.1	Programmable response to errors			
IECHANICAL & ENVIRONMEN					
Size		X 1.60 in (40.6 mm) X 0.83 in (21.1 mm) for -04 & -06 models X 1.60 in (40.6 mm) X 0.71 in (18.0 mm) for -08 & -10 models			
Weight	1.3 oz (37 g) for al				
Ambient temperature		ng, -40 to +85°C storage			
Humidity	0 to 95%, non-con				
Vibration		Hz (sine), IEC 60068-2-6			
Shock		ine pulse, IEC 60068-2-27			
Contaminants	Pollution degree 2 IEC 68-2				
Environment Cooling		equired for continuous power output			
GENCY STANDARDS CONFOR		equired for continuous power output			
In accordance with EC Directiv					
EN 55011	CISPR 11:2003/A2:200				
		d Medical (ISM) Radio Frequency Equipment – ance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement			
	Group 1, Class A	ance characteristics – Linnis and Methous of Measurement			
	1 /	Hilling (FMC) Dout (1) Conomic Chandrad			
EN 61000-6-1		tibility (EMC) – Part 6-1: Generic Standards – I, Commercial and Light-industrial Environments			
In a second second the EC Direction	1	, 5			
In accordance with EC Directiv	5	,			
IEC 61010-1	Safety Requirements for	r Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use			
Underwriters Laboratory Stand	lards				
Under Writer's Laboratory Stand	Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use				
UL 61010-1, 3rd Ed.	Safety Requirements for	r Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use			

SPECIFICATIONS FOR RESOLVER FEEDBACK OPTION

RESOLVER	
Туре	Brushless, single-speed, 1:1 to 2:1 programmable transformation ratio
Resolution	14 bits (equivalent to a 4096 line quadrature encoder)
Reference frequency	7.5 kHz
Reference voltage	2.8 Vrms, auto-adjustable by the drive to maximize feedback
Reference maximum current	100 mA
Maximum RPM	10,000
ENCODER EMULATION	
Resolution	Programmable to 65,536 counts/rev (4096 line encoder equivalent)
Buffered encoder outputs	26C31 differential line driver

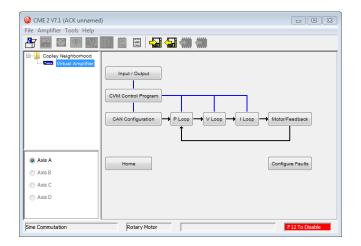


Accelnet Micro Module



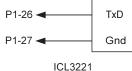
CME 2[™] SOFTWARE

Drive setup is fast and easy using CME 2TM software. All of the operations needed to configure the drive are accessible through this powerful and intuitive program which communicates with the drive over CAN or an RS-232 link. Motor data can be saved as .ccm files. Drive data is saved as .ccx files that contain all drive settings plus motor data. This eases system management as files can be cross-referenced to ampifiers. Once a drive configuration has been completed systems can be replicated easily with the same setup and performance.



RS-232 COMMUNICATION

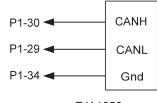
The serial port is a full-duplex, three-wire (RxD, TxD, Gnd) RS-232 type that operates from 9,600 to 115,200 Baud. It can be used by CME2 for drive configuration and setup or by external equipment sending ASCII commands.



P1-25 🗲

RxD

RS-232 Transceiver



TJA1050 CAN Transceiver

CANOPEN COMMUNICATION

Accelnet Micro Module uses the CAN physical layer signals CANH, CANL, and GND for connection, and CANopen protocol for communication. The electrical interface is a TJA1050 high-speed CAN transceiver. Before connecting Accelnet Micro Module to the CAN network, it must be assigned a CAN address. This can be done via the RS-232 port, or by using logic inputs for the CAN address bits. The CAN address is a combination of an internal address stored in flash memory, and an address derived from the logic inputs. A maximum of 127 CAN devices are allowed on a CAN bus network, so this limits the input pins used for this purpose to a maximum of seven, leaving three inputs available for other purposes. Most installations will use less than the maximum number of CAN devices, in which case the number of inputs used for a CAN address can be less than seven, leaving more inputs available for other functions.

When inputs are used for the CAN address bits, the internal address is added to the binary value that results from the inputs. If all the inputs are used as logic inputs, then the CAN address in flash memory is the drive CAN address.

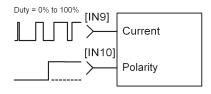
STAND-ALONE OPERATION

Accelnet Micro Module can operate with external motion controllers in torque, velocity, or position mode.

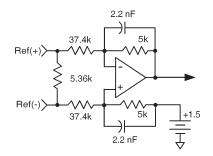
Torque (current, force) and velocity modes accept command inputs in either analog $\pm 10V$ format, or as digital PWM & Direction signals. When operating as a position controller command signals are digital in either Pulse/Direction or CU/CD (Count-UP/Count-Down) format, or analog as $\pm 10V$. Quadrature encoder signals can also be used. In all cases, the ratio of input position commands to motor encoder feedback is programmable to match controller position units to actual motor travel. If using an encoder as position input this feature also enables electronic gearing.

DIGITAL TORQUE & VELOCITY INPUTS

The PWM signal duty-cycle controls magnitude, and the DC signal controls polarity.



ANALOG TORQUE, VELOCITY OR POSITION INPUTS







STAND-ALONE MODE DIGITAL POSITION-CONTROL INPUTS

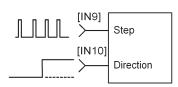
Accelnet Micro Module works with motion controllers that output pulses to command position.

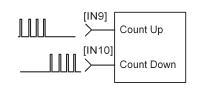
- These formats are supported:
 - Step/Direction
 - CU/CD
 - A/B Quadrature Encoder

In Step/Direction mode, a pulse-train controls motor position, and the direction is controlled by a DC level at the Direction input. CU/CD (Count-Up/Count-Down) signals command the motor to move CW or CCW depending on which input the pulse-train is directed to. The motor can also be operated in an electronic gearing mode by connecting the inputs to a quadrature encoder on another motor. In all cases the ratio between input pulses and motor revolutions is programmable.

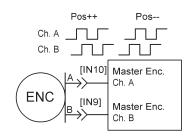
STEP/DIRECTION INPUTS

COUNT-UP/COUNT-DOWN INPUTS





QUAD A/B ENCODER INPUTS

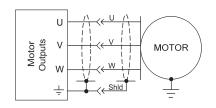


MOTOR CONNECTIONS

Motor connections are of five types: phase, Halls, temperature sensor, encoder and resolver (option). The phase connections carry the drive output currents that drive the motor to produce motion. The Hall signals are three digital signals that give absolute position feedback within an electrical commutation cycle. A temperature sensor can shut down the drive to protect the motor from over-heating. The encoder and resolver signals give incremental position feedback and are used for velocity and position modes, as well as sinusoidal commutation.

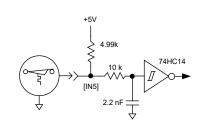
MOTOR PHASE CONNECTIONS

The drive output is a dual H-bridge that converts the DC buss voltage (+HV) into sinusoidal voltage waveforms that drive the motor phases. Cable should be sized for the continuous current rating of the drive. Motor cabling should use twisted, shielded conductors for CE compliance, and to minimize PWM noise coupling into other circuits.



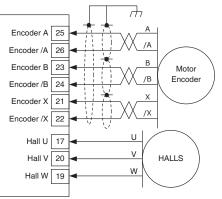
MOTOR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Digital input [IN5] is programmable for use with a motor overtemperature switch. The input should be programmed as a pull-up to +5 Vdc if the motor switch is grounded.



MOTOR ENCODER

Six dedicated inputs accept the encoder A, B, and X (index) signals. Encoders with differential outputs must be used.



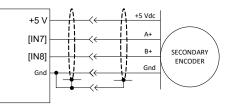
MOTOR RESOLVER (-R option)

Resolvers use only six connections and do not need $+\,5V\!.$

hS3 Sin(+) 25 S1 Sin(-) 26 S2 Cos(+) 23 Motor S4 Resolver 24 Cos(-) R1 21 Ref(+) R2 Ref(-) 22

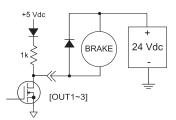
SECONDARY ENCODER

Inputs [IN7] & [IN8] accept the encoder A and B signals. Encoders with single-ended active outputs must be used.



MOTOR BRAKE

Digital outputs [OUT1,2,3] can be programmed to power a motor-mounted brake. These brake the motor when they are in an unpowered state and must have power applied to release. This provides a fail-safe function that prevents motor motion if the system is in an unpowered (uncontrolled) state. Because brakes are inductive loads, an external flyback diode must be used to control the coil voltage when power is removed. The timing of the brake is programmable.



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DIGITAL INPUTS

There are ten digital inputs to *Accelnet Micro Module*, nine of which can be programmed to a selection of functions. The Enable input which controls the on/off state of the PWM outputs is fixed to [IN1] as a safety measure so that a drive cannot be programmed in such a way that, once installed, it could not be shut down by the controller. Two types of RC filters are used: GP (General-purpose) and HS (High Speed). The input time-constants apply when driven by active sources (CMOS, TTL, etc). All inputs except [IN5] have 10 k Ω pull-up resistors to +5 Vdc. The pull-up for [IN5] is 4.99 k for compatibility with Copley linear motors. Input functions such as Step/Direction, CountUp/CountDown, Quad A/B must be wired to inputs having the HS filters, and inputs with the GP filters can be used for general purpose logic functions, limit switches, and the motor temperature sensor. In addition to the selection of functions, the active level for each input is individually programmable.

GP INPUT FUNCTIONS

- Drive enable
- CAN address
- Positive Limit switch
- Negative Limit switch
- Home switch
- Drive Reset
- Motor temperature sensor input
- Motion abort

HS INPUT FUNCTIONS • Step/Direction, or CountUp/Co

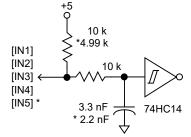
Step/Direction, or CountUp/CountDown step motor control commands

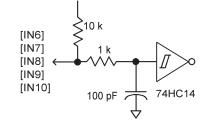
HS INPUTS 6,7,8,9,10

- Quad A/B master encoder position commands
- Motor-mounted feedback encoder

Drive reset is programmable to take place on transitions of the input and is programmable to 1/0 or 0/1. The motor temp sensor function will disable the drive if a switch in the motor opens or closes when the motor overheats.



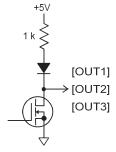




+5

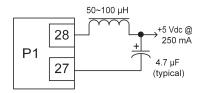
DIGITAL OUTPUTS

Digital outputs [OUT1~3] are open-drain MOSFETs with 1 k Ω pull-up resistors in series with a diode to +5 Vdc. They can sink up to 300 mAdc from external loads operating from power supplies to +30 Vdc. The outputs are typically configured as drive fault and motor brake. Additional functions are programmable. As a drive fault output, the active level is programmable to be HI or LO when a fault occurs. As a brake output, it is programmable to be either HI or LO to release a motor brake when the drive is enabled. When driving inductive loads such as a relay, an external fly-back diode is required. A diode in the output is for driving PLC inputs that are opto-isolated and connected to +24 Vdc. The diode prevents conduction from +24 Vdc through the 1 k Ω resistor to +5 Vdc in the drive. This could turn the PLC input on, giving a false indication of the drive output state.



+5 VDC OUTPUT

The drive internal +5 Vdc power is made available at P1-28. The output current is 250 mA maximum. This power should be used with care as there is no linear regulator between the drive internal power supply and the external circuits as in other Copley drives with +5 Vdc outputs. When using this power an L-C filter is required. This consists typically of a ferrite-core inductor and an electrolytic capacitor. A typical value for the capacitor would be 4.7 μ F. The inductor can be 50~150 μ H and should be rated for DC current of 250 mA minimum. The capacitor should have a return path to drive power ground (J1-13,14).



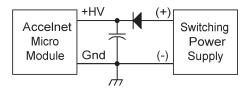




POWER SUPPLIES

Accelnet Micro Module operates typically from transformer-isolated, unregulated DC power supplies. These should be sized such that the maximum output voltage under high-line and no-load conditions does not exceed the drive maximum voltage rating. Power supply rating depends on the power delivered to the load by the drive.

Operation from regulated switching power supplies is possible if a diode is placed between the power supply and drive to prevent regenerative energy from reaching the output of the supply. If this is done, there must be external capacitance between the diode and drive. The minimum value required is 330 μ F per drive mounted no more than 12 inches from the drive.



AUX HV (OPTIONAL)

CANopen communications can be maintained when +HV is turned off by using the Aux HV input. The voltage has the same range as +HV, and can be greater or less than +HV.

In operation, the Aux HV keeps the drive logic and control circuits active so it is always visible as a node on a CAN bus. The current-position data is maintained making 'homing' unnecessary after system power is re-enabled. If Accelnet Micro Module is operating as a stand-alone drive, Aux HV is not necessary but can be useful if the controller is monitoring drive digital outputs.

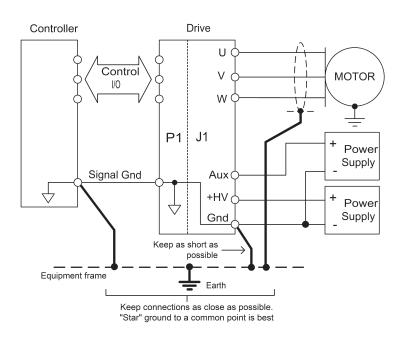
GROUNDING CONSIDERATIONS

Power and control circuits share a common circuit-ground (P1-3, 4, 27, 33, 34, and J1-13, 14). Input logic circuits are referenced to Signal Ground, as are power GND, digital outputs, and encoder. For this reason, drive Gnd terminals should connect to the users' common ground system so that signals between drive and controller are at the same common potential, and to minimize noise. The system ground should, in turn, connect to an earthing conductor at some point so that the whole system is referenced to "earth".

Because current flow through conductors produces voltage-drops across them, it is best to connect the drive HV GND to system earth, or circuit-common through the shortest path, and to leave the power-supply floating. In this way, the power supply (-) terminal connects to ground at the drive HV Return terminals, but the voltage drops across the cables will not appear at the drive ground, but at the power supply negative terminal where they will have less effect.

For CE compliance drive cables should be shielded. Motor phase currents are balanced, but currents can flow between the PWM outputs, and the motor cable shield.

Signals from controller to drive are referenced to +5 Vdc, and other power supplies in user equipment. These power supplies should also connect to system ground and earth at some point so that they are at same potential as the drive circuits. The final configuration should embody three current-carrying loops. First, the power supply currents flowing into and out of the drive at the +HV and Gnd pins on J1. Second, the drive outputs current into and out of

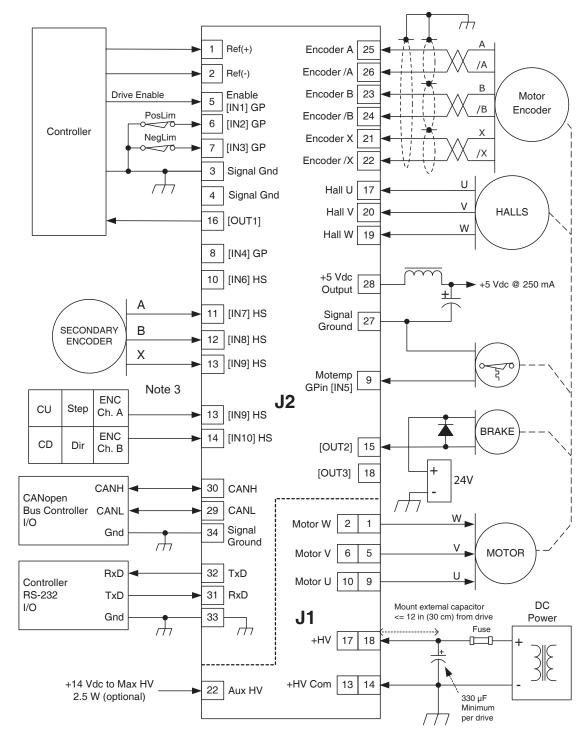


the motor phases, and motor shield currents circulating between the U, V, and W outputs and HV common. And, lastly, logic and signal currents connected to the drive control inputs and outputs. For CE compliance drive cables should be shielded. Motor phase currents are balanced, but currents can flow between the PWM outputs, and the motor cable shield.



TYPICAL DRIVE CONNECTIONS (STANDARD, ENCODER MODELS)

controls



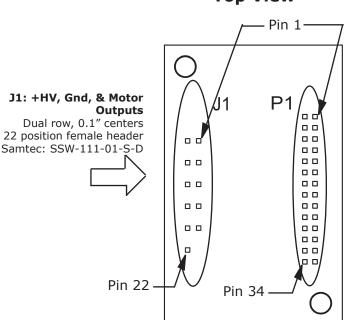
- 1. [IN1] always functions as Drive Enable with programmable active level [IN2]~[IN10] have programmable functions and active level
- 2. HS inputs [IN6,7,8,9,10] are for high-speed signals and have 100 ns RC filters. GP inputs [IN1,2,3, & 4] have 33 µs filters, [IN5] has a 22 µs filter.
- RC filter time constants apply when inputs are driven by active sources and do not include the 10 k Ω pull-up resistors.
- 3. [IN9] is programmable as an encoder index (X) input if it is not used as an input for digital commands.





DRIVE PC BOARD CONNECTORS

Top View



Drive viewed from above looking down on the pc board on which it is mounted. Pins shown in grey are unused locations in PC board socket

P1: Signal

Dual row, 0.1" centers 34 position female header Samtec: SSW-117-01-S-D

Signal	J1	Pin	Signal
Motor W	2	1	Motor W
	4	3	
Motor V	6	5	Motor V
	8	7	
Motor U	10	9	Motor U
	12	11	
HV common	14	13	HV common
	16	15	
+HV	18	17	+HV
	20	19	

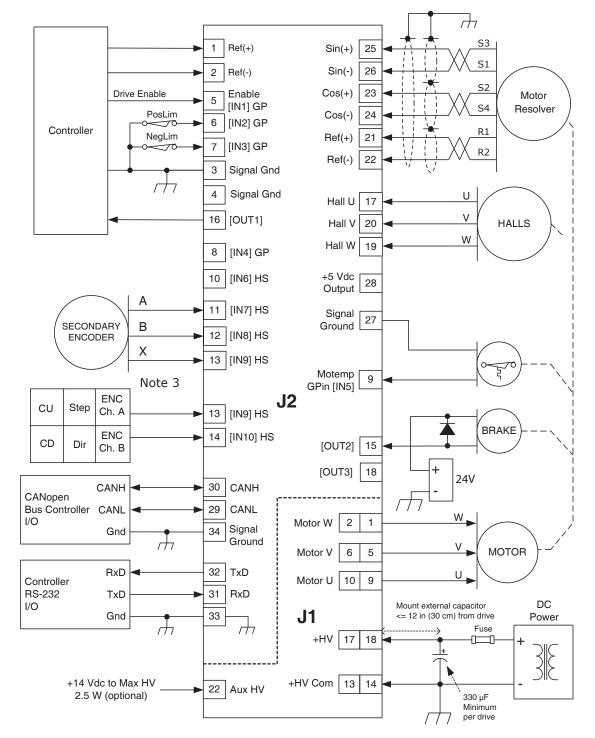
SIGNALS	P1	Pin	SIGNALS
Ref (-)	2	1	Ref (+)
Signal ground	4	3	Signal ground
[IN2]	6	5	[IN1]
[IN4]	8	7	[IN3]
[IN6]	10	9	[IN5]
[IN8]	12	11	[IN7]
[IN10]	14	13	[IN9]
[OUT1]	16	15	[OUT2]
[OUT3]	18	17	Hall U
Hall V	20	19	Hall W
Encoder /X	22	21	Encoder X
Encoder /B	24	23	Encoder B
Encoder /A	26	25	Encoder A
+5 Vdc @ 250 mA	28	27	Signal Ground
CANH	30	29	CANL
TxD	32	31	RxD
Signal ground	34	33	Signal Ground

- 1. Grey-shaded signal are N.C. (No Connection)
- 2. Signals are grouped for current-sharing on the power connector. When laying out pc board artworks, all pins in groups having the same signal name must be connected.





TYPICAL DRIVE CONNECTIONS



- 1. [IN1] always functions as Drive Enable with programmable active level [IN2]~[IN10] have programmable functions and active level
- 2. HS inputs [IN6,7,8,9,10] are for high-speed signals and have 100 ns RC filters. GP inputs [IN1,2,3, & 4] have 33 µs filters, [IN5] has a 22 µs filter. RC filter time constants apply when inputs are driven by active sources and do not include the 10 $k\Omega$ pull-up resistors.





DRIVE PC BOARD CONNECTORS

Top View

Pin 1 J1: +HV, Gnd, & Motor **P1** Outputs o 0 Dual row, 0.1" centers 22 position female header Samtec: SSW-111-01-S-D п Pin 22 Pin 34

Drive viewed from above looking down on the pc board on which it is mounted. Pins shown in grey are unused locations in PC board socket

P1: Signal

Dual row, 0.1" centers 34 position female header Samtec: SSW-117-01-S-D

Signal	J1 Pin		Signal
Motor W	2 1		Motor W
	4	3	
Motor V	6	5	Motor V
	8	7	
Motor U	10	9	Motor U
	12	11	
HV common	14	13	HV common
	16	15	
+HV	18	17	+HV
	20	19	
+HV Aux	22	21	

Signal	P1	Pin	Signal
Ref(-)	2	1	Ref(+)
Sgnd	4	3	Sgnd
[IN2]	6	5	[IN1]
[IN4]	8	7	[IN3]
[IN6]	10	9	[IN5]
[IN8]	12	11	[IN7]
[IN10]	14	13	[IN9]
[OUT1]	16	15	[OUT2]
[OUT3]	18	17	Hall U
Hall V	20	19	Hall W
R2 Ref(-)	22	21	R1 Ref(+)
S4 Cos(-)	24	23	S2 Cos(+)
S1 Sin(-)	26	25	S3 Sin(+)
+5 Vdc @ 250 mA	28	27	Sgnd
CANH	30	29	CANL
RS-232 TxD	32	31	RS-232 RxD
Sgnd	34	33	Sgnd

- 1. Grey-shaded signal are N.C. (No Connection)
- 2. Signals are grouped for current-sharing on the power connector. When laying out pc board artworks, all pins in groups having the same signal name must be connected.



PC BOARD MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

MOUNTING AND COOLING

Accelnet Micro Module mounts on PC boards using two, dual-row, 0.1" female headers. These permit easy installation and removal of the drive without soldering. Threaded standoffs swaged into the PC board provide positive retention of the drive and permit mounting in any orientation. Cooling is by convection, or external fan-supplied forced air.

NOTES

- 1. J1 pins with the same signal name must be connected for current-sharing.
- 2. To determine copper width and thickness for J1 signals refer to specification IPC-2221. (Association Connecting Electronic Industries, http://www.ipc.org)
- Standoffs should be connected to etches on pc board that connect to frame ground for maximum noise suppression and immunity.

				0.20 (5.08 0.233 (5.92	3) 0.45 3 (11.43)
56X Ø.040 ±.003 (Ø.001 ±.076) THRU AFTER PLATING	2 00 1 - 2 00 0 1 - 000 000 000 000 000 000	 	2 00-1- 000 21 000 000 000 000 000	0.35 (8.89)	2.05 (52.07)
0.100 (2.54) (TYP)		0.100 (2.8 (TYP)	54) 0 0 00 34 0 0 33		 833 5.56) ↓ ▼
(Ø4.22 + THRI	6 +.005/00 .127/0254 J AFTER ATING			0.017 (0.43)	
Mounting Hardw Qty Descripti 1 Socket S 1 Socket S	on trip	Mfgr Samtec Samtec	Part Num SSW-111 SSW-117	-01-S-D	Remarks J1 P1

KFE-440-12-ET

PC BOARD DESIGN

The peak voltage between adjacent traces will be equal to +HV. Trace width and copper plating thickness should support the drive peak and continuous output current ratings.

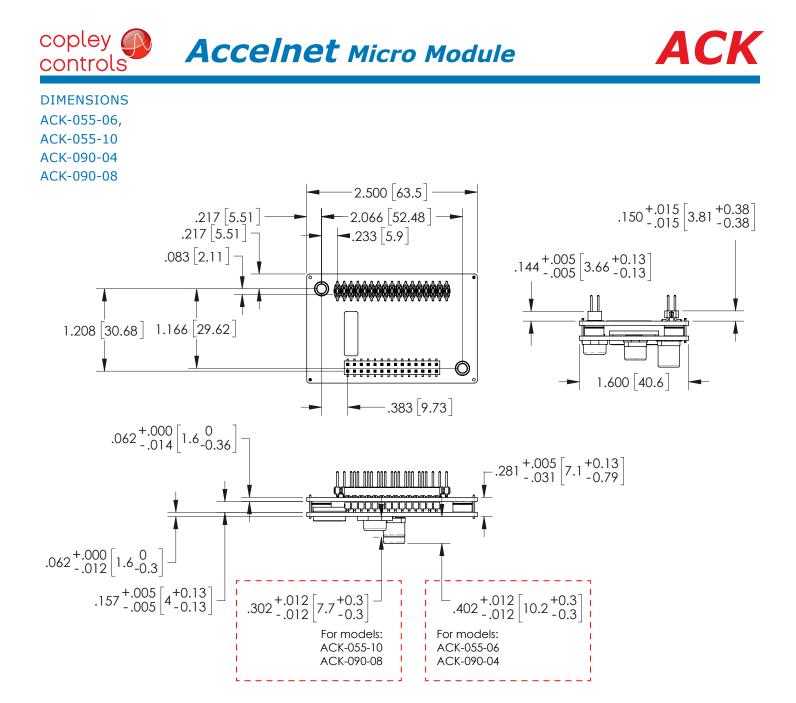
Printed circuit board layouts for Accelnet Micro Module drives should follow some simple rules: 1. Install a low-ESR electrolytic capacitor not more than 12 inches from the drive. PWM drives produce ripple currents in their DC supply conductors. Accelnet Micro Module drives do not use internal electrolytic capacitors as these can be easily supplied by the printed circuit board. In order to provide a good, low-impedance path for these currents a low-ESR capacitor should be mounted as close to the drive as possible. 330 µF is a minimum value, with a voltage rating appropriate to the drive model and power supply.

2. Connect J1 signals (U, V, & W outputs, +HV, and +HV Common) in pin-groups for current-sharing. The signals on J1 are all higher-current types. To carry

these currents (up to 6 Adc peak) the pins of J1 must be used in multiples to divide the current and keep the current carrying capacity of the connectors within specification. The diagram on page 9 shows the pin groups that must be inter-connected to act as a single connection point for pc board traces. 3. Minimum trace width, and copper plating thickness should follow industry-standards (IPC-2221). The width and plating should depend on the model of drive used, the maximum voltage, and maximum current expected to be used for that model. Power supply traces (+HV, +HV Common) should be routed close to each other to minimize the area of the loop enclosed by the drive DC power. Noise emission or effects on nearby circuitry are proportional to the area of this loop, so minimizing it is good layout practice. Motor signals should also be routed close together. Phase outputs (U, V, & W) should be routed as closely as possible to form a balanced transmission path. Keeping these traces as closely placed as possible will again minimize noise radiation due to motor phase currents. *Accelnet Micro Module* circuit grounds are electrically common, and connect internally. However, the J1 signals carry high currents while the grounds on P1 (signal ground) carry low currents. So, P1 signals should be routed away from, and never parallel to the signals on J1.

Standoff 4-40 X 3/8" PEM

Top View Dimensions in inches (mm)



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, WITH MILLIMETERS IN BRACKETS FOR REFERENCE ONLY. TOLERANCES ARE: .XX= \pm .01; .XXX= \pm .005; ANGLES= \pm 1.0°





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COOLING REQUIREMENTS: -04, -06, -08, -10 MODELS

From charts below, find power dissipation based on drive model, HV, and output current. With ambient temperature known, calculate required thermal resistance. Select cooling method that gives a thermal resistance that is equal to, or lower than the calculated value. Example:

ACK-055-06, HV = 55 Vdc, Iout = 3A

Power dissipation is 3.9 W Drive thermal shutdown is at 90 °C, ambient is 50 °C

Thermal resistance required = (90 - 50) / 3.9 = 10.26 C/W Convection cooling gives 11.4 °C/W, so forced-air is required.

ACK-090-04 Dissipation (W)					
Iout (Adc)	HV (Vdc)				
	30 60 90				
0	2.28 2.44 2.70				
1	2.45 2.69 3.05				
2	2.95	3.25	3.74		

ACK-090-08 Dissipation (W)						
Iout (Adc)		HV (Vdc)				
	25	25 55 85				
0	2.23	2.42	2.74			
1	2.34	2.56	2.93			
2	2.56	2.84	3.35			
3	3.01	3.36	3.98			
4	3.65	4.01	4.75			

Thermal Resistance (°C/W)		
Convection	11.4	
Forced Air, 300 LFM	3.7	

ACK-055-06 Dissipation (W)			
Iout (Adc)	HV (Vdc)		
	15	35	55
0	2.37	2.31	2.42
1	2.49	2.45	2.63
2	2.89	2.85	3.13
3	3.58	3.52	3.86

ACK-055-10 Dissipation (W)			
Iout (Adc)	HV (Vdc)		
	15	35	55
0	2.32	2.29	2.45
1	2.34	2.37	2.58
2	2.59	2.66	2.99
3	3.05	3.10	3.53
4	3.52	3.64	4.19
5	4.23	4.39	5.02







DESCRIPTION

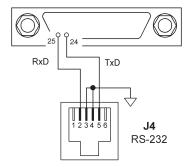
The Development Kit provides mounting and connectivity for a Accelnet Micro Module drive. Solderless jumpers ease configuration of inputs and outputs to support their programmable functions. Switches can be jumpered to connect to digital inputs 1~5 so that these can be toggled to simulate equipment operation. Three LED's provide status indication for the digital outputs. To simplify cabling to external controllers, the encoder signals from the motor are connected to pins on the signal connector J3. Dual CAN bus connectors make daisy-chain connections possible so that other CANopen devices such as Copley's Stepnet or Xenus drives can easily be connected to build mixed stepper and servo multi-axis systems.



RS-232 CONNECTION

The RS-232 port is used to configure the drive for stand-alone applications, or for configuration before it is installed into a CANopen network. CME 2^{TM} software communicates with the drive over this link and is then used for complete drive setup. The CAN address that is set by the rotary switch can be monitored, and an address offset programmed as well. This will add to the switch address to produce a working CAN address that can be from 1 to 127.

The RS-232 connector, J4, is a modular type that uses a 6-position plug, four wires of which are used for RS-232. A connector kit is available (SER-CK) that includes the modular cable, and an adaptor to interface this cable with a 9-pin RS-232 port on a computer.

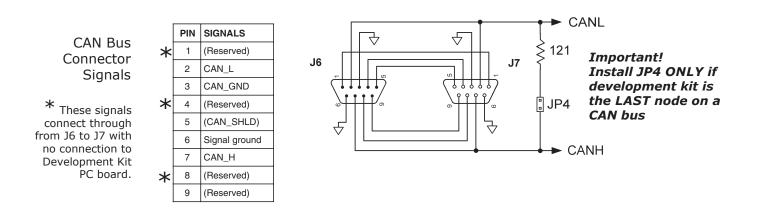


CAN CONNECTIONS

Connectors J6 & J7 are Sub-D male and female 9-position types that conform to the CAN DS-102 Physical Layer specification. The male-female configuration supports a single cable type with male and female connectors that can be daisy-chained from device to device along a CANopen network. Only the CAN_H, CAN_L, and CAN_GND signals are used. The CAN_GND is connected to the circuit ground on the development kit. This ground is also

Only the CAN_H, CAN_L, and CAN_GND signals are used. The CAN_GND is connected to the circuit ground on the development kit. This ground is also shared by the drive power supply, accessory +5V (for encoders), and the RS-232 link. Other DS-102 signals are wired-through for use by products that support them.

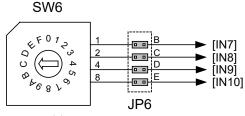
The table below lists the signals and pins on J6 & J7. Signals in () are those that have no connection on the development kit and which are connected pin-to-pin between J6 & J7.





CAN ADDRESS SELECTION

Rotary switch SW6, labeled "CAN ADDR" connects to IN7, IN8, IN9, and IN10 of the drive. These are programmable inputs which default to CAN address bits. The switch will select CAN addresses $0x01\sim0x0F$ (dec $1\sim15$). Address 0 is reserved for network management devices. The CAN standard permits up to 127 devices, so if the drive must have a address beyond 0x0F(dec 15), this is done by programming an address offset into the drive before it is installed into a CAN environment or by programming logic inputs as CAN address bits.



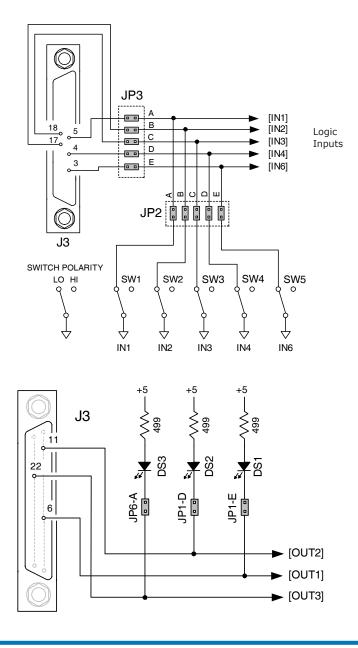
CAN Address Switch Note: To use inputs 7,8,9, or 10 as logic inputs remove jumpers shown at left to disconnect SW6 from logic inputs.

LOGIC INPUTS

There are 10 logic inputs. [IN1] is dedicated to the drive enable function, the other inputs are programmable.

The development kit is equipped with switches that can be used to control logic inputs $1\sim5$. To use these switches jumpers JP2-A, B, C, D, and E must be installed.

If connecting these logic inputs to external equipment, the same jumpers must be removed so that the switches cannot short input signals to ground.



LOGIC OUTPUTS

There are three logic outputs that can drive controller logic inputs or relays. If relays are driven, then flyback diodes must be connected across their terminals to clamp overvoltages that occur when the inductance of the relay coil is suddenly turned off.

As delivered, these outputs drive three LED's. Jumpers JP6-A, and JP1-D, & E connect these LED's to logic outputs. These are N-channel MOSFET's which sink current from loads connected to positive voltages. When the outputs are ON (Active Low), they ground the cathode of the led's which then turn on as they are connected to the +5Vdc supply via current-limiting resistors.

The logic outputs also connect to signal connector J3. If they are used to drive external loads >+5Vdc, the LED jumpers must be removed.

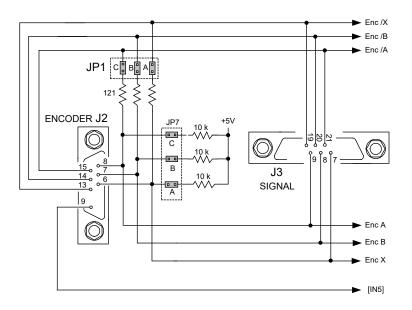




ENCODER CONNECTIONS

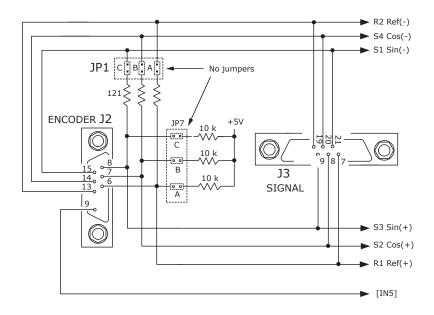
The development kit has a 26C32 differential line receiver for the motor encoder inputs. Differential-output encoders are preferred for best signal quality and noise rejection. Wiring should be twisted-pairs, preferably with a shield for each pair. To eliminate noise on the encoder signals caused by reflections on the cables, it is good practice to terminate signal-pairs with a resistor that matches the characteristic impedance of the cable. On the development kit, 121Ω resistors are provided for this purpose. Jumpers at JP9-A, B, and C connect these termination resistors across the differential signals when installed.

If single-ended encoders are used, they must have active (not open-collector) outputs. They should be connected to the A, B, and X pins leaving the /A, /B, and /X pins open. Jumpers at JP1-A, B, and C must be removed.



RESOLVER CONNECTIONS

With resolver feedback, termination resistors across complementary signals cannot be used. Jumpers at JP9-A, B, and C connect these termination resistors when using encoders, but must be removed when using resolvers. The pull-up resistors for single-ended encoders are also not used. Removing JP7-A, B, & C will take these out of circuit.







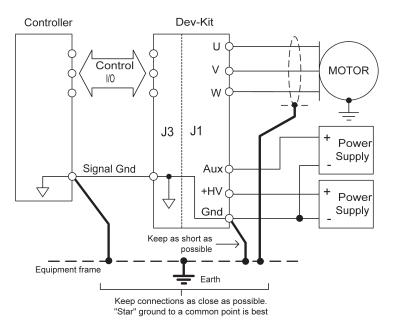


POWER SUPPLIES

The drive main power, +HV, is typically supplied by unregulated DC power supplies. These must be isolated from the mains, and all circuits should be grounded to earth at some point. The +HV supply connects to J1. For good wiring practice, the +HV wires should be twisted together for noise suppression, and the power supply should not be grounded. Doing this ensures that the higher currents flowing in these conductors will not flow through any circuit grounds where they might induce noise. During deceleration, mechanical energy in the motor and load is converted back into electrical energy that must be dissipated as the motor comes to a stop. While some of this is converted to heat in the motor windings, the rest of it will flow through the drive into the power supply. An external storage capacitor should be used if the load has appreciable inertia, and this should be sized such that adding the undissipated energy from the motor will not raise the voltage beyond the point at which the drive shuts down. When this is not possible, an external 'dumper', or regenerative energy dissipater must be used which acts as a shunt regulator across the +HV and Gnd terminals.

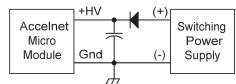
GROUNDING

An earthing ground connection can be made via a second conductor to J1-2 that connects to the equipment frame ground.



SWITCHING POWER SUPPLIES

Switching power supplies can also be used for +HV power. Unlike unregulated supplies, these cannot accept reverse energy flow, so an isolating diode must be placed between the power supply and J1-1 to block current flow back into the power supply. When this is done, an external storage capacitor must be used across J1-1 & J1-2 because the capacitor on the Development Kit board is only for ripple-current control, and cannot store enough energy to handle regeneration.



AUX HV

Not required for stand-alone operation, an Aux HV power supply provides power for the drive control circuits so that CAN bus communications with the drive can be maintained when the +HV supply is turned off. This might occur as a result of an Emergency Off condition, or for machine operator intervention. The Aux HV supply does not power the PWM stage that drives the motor, but keeps the drive controller enabled as well as inputs and outputs. The Aux HV supply must be less than the +HV supply voltage and greater than the drive minimum +HV (> 14 Vdc).

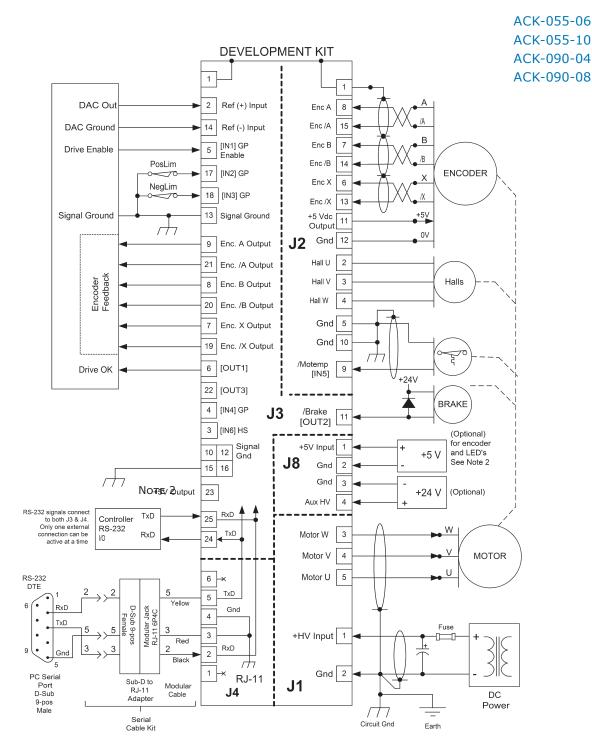
ENCODER +5 VDC

Encoder power can be supplied from an external +5 Vdc supply or from the drive. To use drive +5 Vdc @ 250 mA maximum, install jumper JP8. If more than 250 mA is required then this must come from an external +5V source and JP8 must be removed when this is done.

IMPORTANT: REMOVE JP8 BEFORE CONNECTING EXTERNAL +5V POWER TO J8-1. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL DAMAGE DRIVE!!



DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (STANDARD MODELS WITH ENCODER FEEDBACK)



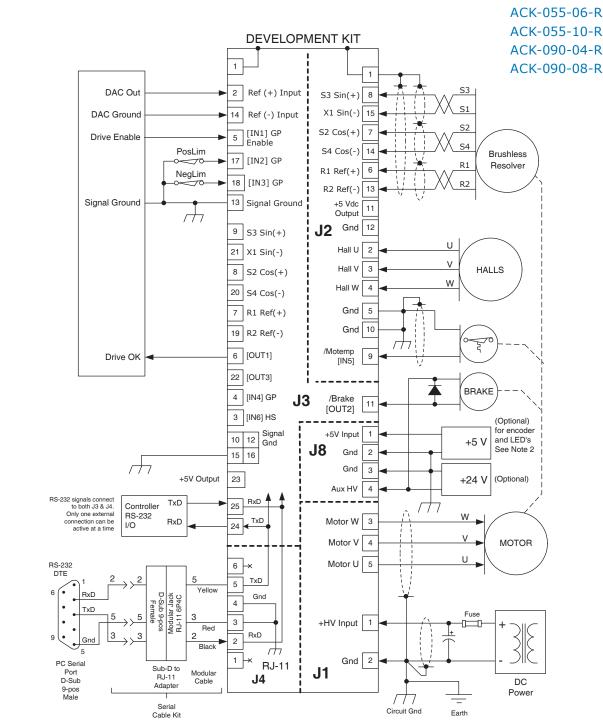
Notes:

1. CAN connectors J6 & J7 are not shown here. For details see pp. 3,6, & 10.

- 2. JP8 installed: +5 Vdc @ 250 mA from drive available at J3-23
- JP8 removed: +5 Vdc must be supplied from an external power supply connected to J8-1 & 2. WHEN USING EXTERNAL 5 VDC POWER SUPPLY, JP8 MUST BE REMOVED OR DAMAGE TO DRIVE WILL OCCUR



DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (MODELS WITH -R OPTION FOR RESOLVER FEEDBACK)



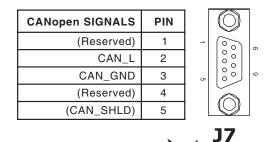
Notes:

- 1. CAN connectors J6 & J7 are not shown here. For details see pp. 3,6, & 10.
- 2. JP8 installed: +5 Vdc @ 250 mA from drive available at J3-23 JP8 removed: +5 Vdc must be supplied from an external power supply connected to J8-1 & 2. WHEN USING EXTERNAL 5 VDC POWER SUPPLY, JP8 MUST BE REMOVED OR DAMAGE TO DRIVE WILL OCCUR

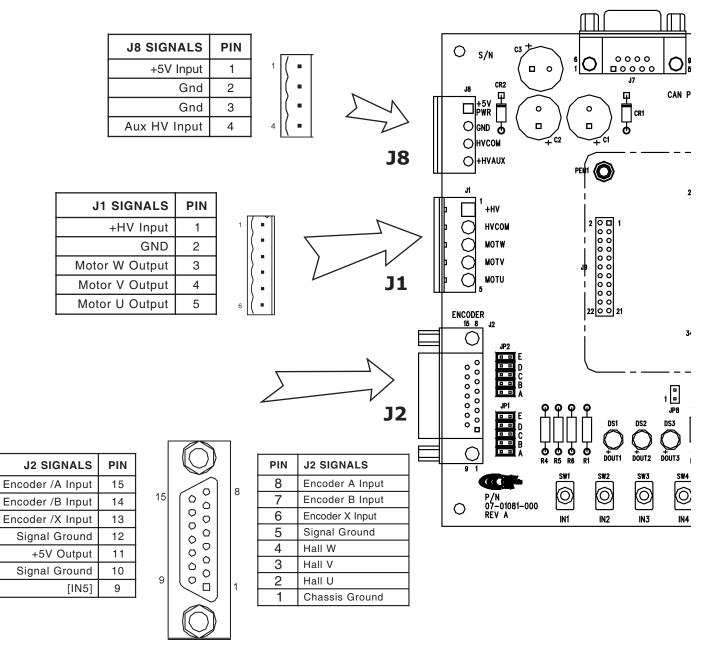


DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (STANDARD MODELS WITH ENCODER FEEDBACK)

ACK-055-06 ACK-055-10 ACK-090-04 ACK-090-08



IMPORTANT: REMOVE JUMPER JP8 BEFORE CONNECTING EXTERNAL +5 Vdc POWER TO J8-1. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL DAMAGE DRIVE!!





DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (STANDARD MODELS WITH ENCODER FEEDBACK)

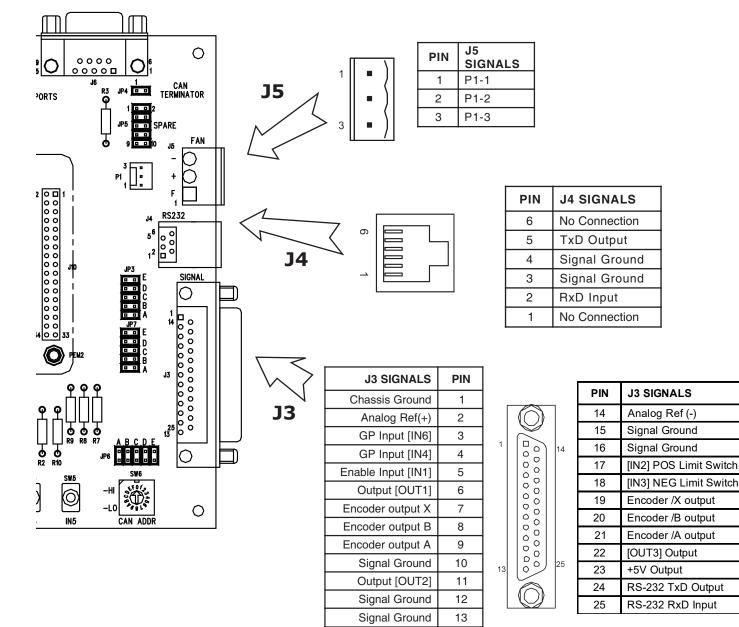
	\bigcirc		PIN	CANopen SIGNALS
		-	6	CAN_GND
9			7	CAN_H
6		9	8	(Reserved)
			9	(CAN_V+)
	\bigcirc			•

J6

controls

CANopen Notes:

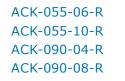
- 1. Connector pinouts for J6 & J7 follow CAN standard DS-102.
- 2. Signals in () are wired-through from J7 to J6 and have no other connections on the pc board.
- 3. CAN_GND is connected to Gnd on pc board (Accelnet signal and power ground)





Development Kit 💻

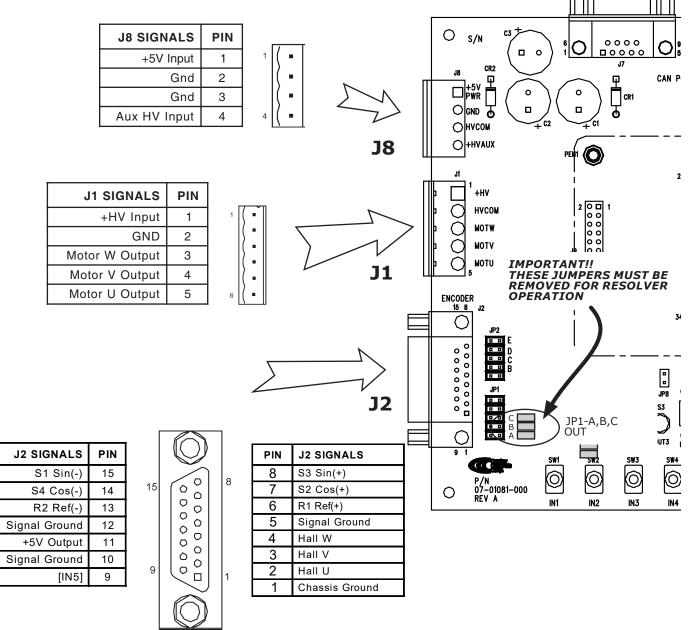
DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (MODELS WITH -R OPTION FOR RESOLVER FEEDBACK)



CANopen SIGNALS	PIN	
(Reserved)	1	
CAN_L	2	
CAN_GND	3	5 00 0
(Reserved)	4	
(CAN_SHLD)	5	

J7







DEVELOPMENT KIT CONNECTIONS (MODELS WITH -R OPTION FOR RESOLVER FEEDBACK)

	\bigcirc		PIN	CANopen SIGNALS
		-	6	CAN_GND
9			7	CAN_H
6		5	8	(Reserved)
			9	(CAN_V+)
	\bigcirc	'		

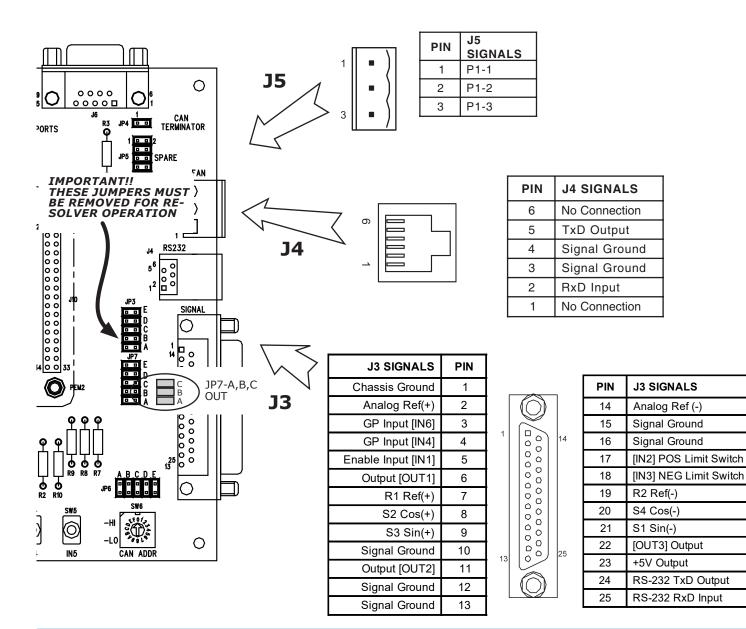


CANopen Notes:

1. Connector pinouts for J6 & J7 follow CAN standard DS-102.

2. Signals in () are wired-through from J7 to J6 and have no other connections on the pc board.

3. CAN_GND is connected to Gnd on pc board (Accelnet signal and power ground)



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ORDERING GUIDE

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
ACK-055-06	Accelnet Micro Module 3/6 Adc @ 55 Vdc *
ACK-055-10	Accelnet Micro Module 5/10 Adc @ 55 Vdc *
ACK-090-04	Accelnet Micro Module 2/4 Adc @ 90 Vdc *
ACK-090-08	Accelnet Micro Module 4/8 Adc @ 90 Vdc *
KDK-090-01	Accelnet Micro Module Development Kit
KDK-CK	Accelnet Micro Module Development Kit Connector Kit
SER-CK	Serial cable for Development Kit

* FOR RESOLVER OPTION, ADD "-R" TO THE ACCELNET PART NUMBER

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

Example: Order 1 ACK-055-06 drive with Development Kit, Development Kit Connector Kit and Serial Cable Kit:

Qty	Item	Remarks
1 1 1 1	ACK-055-06 KDK-090-01 KDK-CK SER-CK	Accelnet Micro Module drive Accelnet Micro Module Development Kit Connector Kit for Development Kit Serial Cable Kit

ACCESSORIES

	QTY	REF	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER/PART NUMBER
	1	J1	Plug, Euro, 5 Terminal, 0.2 in (5.08 mm)	Тусо: 796635-5
	1	J8	Plug, Euro, 4 Terminal, 0.2 in (5.08 mm)	Тусо: 796635-4
	1	J5	Plug, Euro, 3 Terminal, 0.2 in (5.08 mm)	Тусо: 796635-3
Connector Kit	1	13	25 Pin Connector, D-Sub, Male, Solder Cup	Norcomp: 171-025-103L001
for Develop-	1	12	25 Pin Connector Backshell	Norcomp: 979-025-020R121
ment Kit	1	12	15 Pin Connector, D-Sub, Male, Solder Cup	Norcomp: 171-015-103L001
KDK-CK	2		15 Pin Connector Backshell	Norcomp: 979-015-020R121
	1	J6	9 Pin Connector, D-Sub, Female, Solder Cup	Norcomp: 171-009-203L001
	2	J7	9 Pin Connector, D-Sub, Male, Solder Cup	Norcomp: 171-009-103L001
	2 J6,7 15 Pin Connector Backshell Norcomp: 979-009-020R		Norcomp: 979-009-020R121	
SER-CK	Serial Cable Kit: 9-Pin Dsub receptacle to 6-pin modular adapter, plus modular cable			lular adapter, plus modular cable

16-01646 Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Remarks
00	June 13, 2017	Initial release
01	December 18, 2017	Additional information added to dimensions
02	June 29, 2018	Updated compliance, Corrected -R option (not available on -20 & -30 models), add reference to HC models
03	August 23, 2018	Removed the ACK High Current specifications and updated the Agency Standards

Note: Specifications subject to change without notice